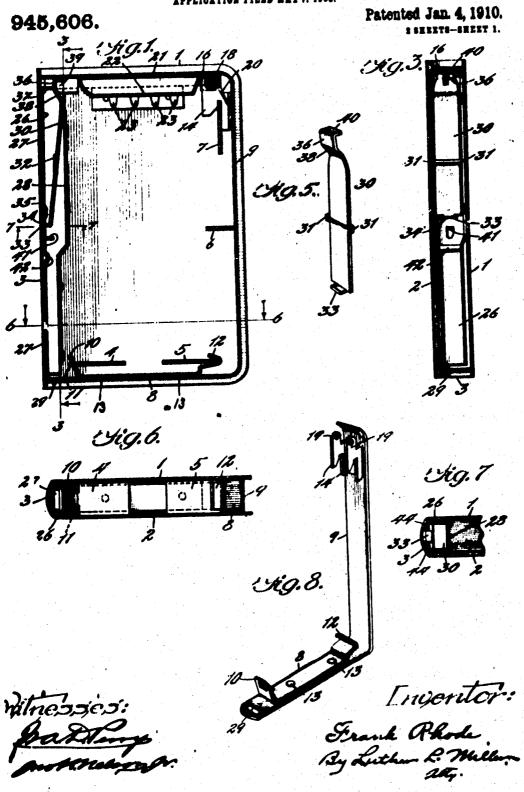
F. RHODE.

SAVINGS BANK.

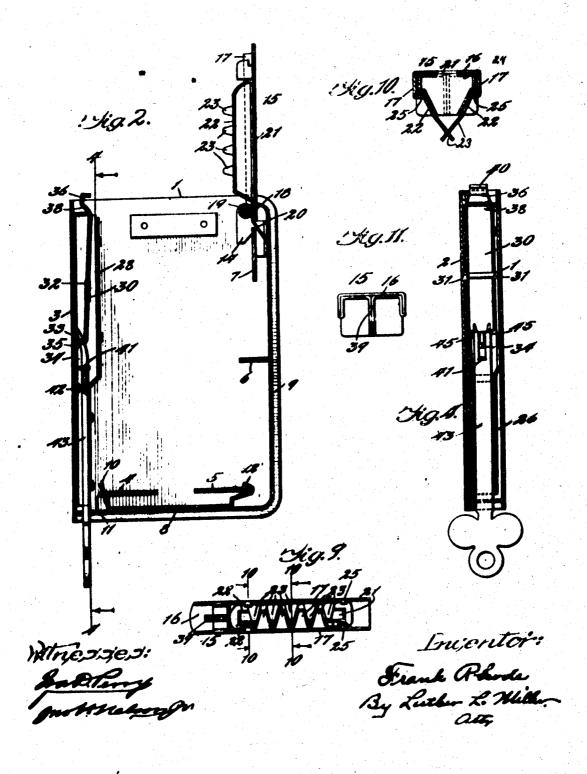
APPLICATION FILED MA. 7. 1808.



F. RHODE. BAVINGS BANK. APPLICATION FILED MAY 7, 1808.

945,606.

Patented Jan. 4, 1910.



UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE.

FRANK RHODE, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, ABSIGNOR TO FORT DEARBORN MANUFACTUR-ING COMPANY, OF CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. A CORPORATION OF ILLINOIS.

SAVINGS-BANK.

945,606.

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Application fied May 7, 1906. Serial No. 431,309.

To all whom it may concern:

Be it known that I, FRANK RHOOK, a citizen of the United States, residing at Chicago, in the county of Cook and State of 8 Illinois, have invented certain new and useful Improvements in Savings Banks, of which the following is a specification.

One of the objects of this invention is to improve the construction of the body or

10 casing of a savings bank.

Another object is to provide an improved lock for savings banks and similar recep-

The invention also relates to the other im-15 provements in savings banks hereinafter set forth.

In the accompanying drawings, Figure 1 is a vertical section through a savings bank embodying the features of my invention, the 20 bank being represented as closed. Fig. 2 is a similar view of the bank showing it open. Fig. 3 is a sectional view on line 3 3 of Fig. 1. Fig. 4 is a section taken on line 4 4 of Fig. 2. Fig. 5 is a detail perspective view 25 of the locking bolt. Fig. 6 is a section on line 6 6 of Fig. 1. Fig. 7 is a section on line 7 7 of Fig. 1. Fig. 8 is a perspective view of the bottom and front edge wall. Fig. 9 is an underside view of the closure for so the bank. Fig. 10 is a section on line 10 10 of Fig. 9. Fig. 11 is an end view of said

The embodiment herein shown of my invention is in the general form of a book. 86 and is of suitable dimensions to be carried in the pocket, although it will be understood that various features of the invention are applicable to banks and receptacles of other

The body of the bank comprises two parallel side walls 1 and 2 and an edge wall 3 integral with said side walls. The side walls 1 and 2 are secured together and spaced apart by any suitable means, as, for ex-45 nimple, struts 4, 5, 6 and 7. The bottom edge and the edge opposite to the edge 3 are closed, in this instance, by means of the device shown in Fig. 8, said device consisting of a strip of sheet metal bent to provide the 50 edge walls 8 and 9. Said walls are secured in place by means comprising a perforated ear 10 on the wall S, said perforated car being adapted to receive a log IF upon the struc 4. A hook 12 attached to the wall 8 55 is adapted to engage one end of the strut 5.

The parts 10 and 12 may be formed of an integral piece of sheet metal and secured to the wall 8 by rivets 13. The upper end of the wall 9 is secured to the strut 7 by means of one or more hooks II adapted to engage the 60 upper edge of said strut. In the present construction the hooks 14 are formed from an integral piece of sheet metal which may be secured to the wall 9 by brazing or in any other suitable way. In assembling the 65 bank the hooks 11 are fitted over the strut 7 and the perforated car 10 sprung into engagement with the lug 11. The ear 10 being of sheet metal, it will be understood that it will yield sufficiently to spring into en- 70 gagement with the lug 11. The hook 12 prevents the books 14 from being disengaged with the strut 7.

The bank is provided with a pivoted clo-sure 15 formed, in this instance, of sheet 75 metal and comprising the face wall 16 and the two inwardly-extending flanges 17. The closure 15 is pivotally mounted at one end upon a pin 18 supported in perforated bearing lugs 19 carried by the wall 9. In the 80 construction illustrated the lugs 19 are integral with the hooks 14. A spring 20 coiled about the pin 18 tends to throw the closure 15 into the open position, as shown

in Fig. 2.

The coin-inlet opening 21 in the closure 15 is guarded by devices comprising two lips 22, said lips being of drawn sheet metal and integral with each other. Guarding the opening between the lips 22 are intermesh- 90 ing fingers 23 formed of spring sheet metal and integral with a base portion 24, Fig. 10. The base 24 and fingers 23 are secured in place upon the closure 15, in this instance, by means of four overhanging lugs 25 upon of said closure.

The means for locking the closure locking the position shown in Fig. 1 comprises a lock casing 26 which may be secured to the edge wall 3 of the bank body by means of 100 the lugs 27. 28 is the front wall of said lock easing. The lower end of said casing is open and in alinement with a key hole 29 in the wall 8. The lock bolt 30 has on opposite sides near its middle portion lugs 31 which lie in clongated openings 32 in the sides of the lock casing. Upon the inner end of the bolt 30 is an angular ing 33 of less width than the body of said oolt, said lug being adapted to enter an opening 34 11

in the lock casing to lock the bolt against land when the log 50 springs into the openis a projection 35 onto or over which said lug is arranged to ride when the bolt is thrown into its inoperative position. the bolt is in its operative position the portion 36 thereof bears against a lug 37 upon ing. Inwardly of the portion 36 is an inclined or cam portion 88.

The bolt 80 and its supports are so arranged that said bolt is always under spring tension acting to hold the bolt in the locked or unlocked position. After the lug 33 has been disengaged from the opening 34 and 15 the bolt moved outward a slight distance, the tension of the bolt, in conjunction with the cam surface 38, completes the outward movement of said bolt. The movements of the bolt 30 are limited by the engagement 20 of the lugs 31 with the ends of the slotted openings 32.

As shown in Fig. 1 the free end of the closure 15 overlies the bolt 30 and carries a hook 39 adapted to engage the hooked end 40 of said bolt. In this instance I have formed the hook 30 integral with the closure 25 40 of said bolt.

formed the nook of integral with the life as shown in Figs. 9 and 11.

Projecting from the outer or rear wall of the lock casing 26 is a lug 41 alined with so the lug 33 upon the inner end of the bolt 30. Below the lug 41 is a ridge 42 the purpose of which will presently appear.

The key 43 for operating the lock just described is shown in Figs. 2 and 4. The 35 operating end of said key is bifurcated to pass at opposite sides of the lug 41 and said operating end is curved slightly so as to be able to engage the bolt 30 after riding over the ridge 42. Said ridge prevents the 40 lock from being opened by a straight implement, and the lug 41 prevents the operation of the lock by means of a screw-driver or other non-bifurcated instrument. As shown in Fig. 2, the operating end of the key is tapered to provide points adapted to enter the spaces 44 (Fig. 7) beneath the bolt 30 at opposite sides of the lug 33. When the key is inserted into said spaces further pressure exerted upon the key in an inward so direction flexes the bolt 30 by reasor of the curved inner end of said key, thereby raising the lug 33 out of the opening 34. The shoulders 45 upon the key, engaging opposite edges of the lug 33, force the bolt 89 55 into the position shown in Fig. 2. During such outward movement of the bolt the hooked end 40 thereof moves to one side out of engagement with the hook 89, whereupon the spring 20 throws the closure 16 the bank the closure 15 is pressed back

so into the open position. To close and lock into closed position, the outer end of said closure forcing the bolt 30 inward. As the bolt is pushed inward, its hooked end 40

longitudinal movement. Near said opening ling 34 said bolt is held from longitudinal movement.

> While I have hereinbefore described the present embodiment of my invention with 70 some particularity, I recognize the fact that various changes may be made in the construction and arrangement of the parts herein shown, therefore, no undue limitation should be understood from the fore- 7t

going detailed description.

I claim as my invention:

1. A savings bank having a pivoted clo-sure at one end thereof, said closure having a coin-receiving opening therein; and a lock at mechanism in said bank comprising a longitudinally slidable bolt arranged to engage said closure and be moved to locking position by said closure, said bolt being longitudinally alidable to release the closure by a 85 key inserted through the opposite end of the bank.

2. A relatively thin myings bank having o member pivoted in said bank by one of its ends and constituting one end of said so bank; and a lock casing secured to one edge of and within said bank and having a bolt adapted to engage the free end of said pivoted member, said bolt being operable by a key inserted through the opposite end of the pr bank.

3. A savings bank comprising two gide walls and an inner edge wall, said walls being integral; a pivoted top edge wall forming a closure for to bank; a bottom 100 edge wall and an outer edge wall formed integral with each other; struts securing said side walls together and spacing them apart; and means on the upper end of said outer edge wall and on one end of said 165 bottom edge wall for securing said outer edge wall and bottom edge wall in place.

4. A receptacle comprising two side walls; strute recurring soid walls together and specing them apart; two edge walls secured 110 together, said edge walls having at opposite ends members adapted to engage said struts for securing said edge walls in place be-tween said side walls, one of said members being of spring construction and being 116 adapted to be forced into lacking engage

mant with its strut.

5. A receptacle comprising two side walls; members lying between said side walls; two edge walls secured together; a hook upon 130 one end of one of said edge walls adapted to engage one of said members; and a perforsted ear upon one end of the other edge wall adapted to engage another of said mem-

6. A receptacle comprising two side walls; members lying between said walls; two edge walls segured together at an angle with each other; a hook upon one end of one of said os moves into engagement with the hook SD ledge walls adapted to engage one of said 186 upon the other edge wall adapted to engage

two other of said members.

7. A recepture comprising two side walls; 5 struts securing said walls together and spacing them apart, two edge walls formed from an integral strip of sheet metal having a right-angular bend therein, a hook upon one end of one of said edge walls adapted to 10 engage one of said struts; a hook upon the other edge wall adapted to engage another of said struts; and a perforated ear upon ! the last mentioned edge wall adapted to engage another of said struts.

S. A savings bank comprising a pivoted closure: a locking bolt adapted to engage the free end of said closure; means for releasably holding said bolt against move-nient; and a key for releasing said bolt and

moving it longitudinally.

9. A savings bank provided with a pivoted closure; and a locking bolt arranged to move longitudinally and laterally out of and into engagement with said closure, said closure being adapted to return said locking

bult into locking position. 10. A savings bank comprising a bank casing; a bolt movable longitudinally of said casing; a ridge in said casing near the 30 inner end of said bolt; and a curved key

adapted to ride over said ridge and engage the inner end of said bolt.

11. A savings bank comprising a bank casing; a bolt movable longitudinally of said casing: a projection in said casing near the inner end of said bolt; and a bifureated key adapted to pass at opposite sides of said projection and engage said bolt.

12. A savings bank comprising a bank 40 ensing; a part fixed to said ensing and having an opening therein; a longitudinally movable bolt having an angular fug adapted to He in said opening; and a curved key! adapted to be inserted beneath said bolt to bolt. 45 raise said lug out of said opening and move

said bolt longitudinally.

13. A savings bank comprising a bank of casing: a part fixed to said easing and having an opening therein; a longitudinally so movable holt having an angular ing at one of its ends adapted to lie in said opening; and a key having a curved bifurcated inner end adapted to be inserted beneath the inner end of said bolt and raise said lug out of 55 said opening, said key having shoulders thereon adapted to engage said lug and move said bolt longitudinally.

14. A savings bank comprising a bank casing: a lock easing secured therein and 60 having clongated openings in its opposite

members; and two oppositely-facing devices | sides; a bolt movable longitudinally in said lock easing and having logs adapted to lie in said clongated openings, a lug upon one end of said bolt adapted to engage in a locking opening in said lock case, and a member 65 in said lock case against which said bolt hears, said bolt having an inclined portion adapted to engage said member.

15. A sayings bank having a pivoted closure: a book on the free end of said closure: 70 a longitudinally movable bolt baving a hook adapted to engage the hook on said closure. said bolt being arranged to move laterally to permit said hooks to interengage; and means for operating said bolt.

15. A savings bank having a pivoted closure; a hook on the free end of said closure; and a longitudinally movable bolt having a hook adapted to engage the hook on said closure, said closure being arranged to re 80 turn said locking holt into locking position.

17. A savings bank having a closure; a longitudinally movable bolt arranged at one end to engage said closure; and a fixed part arranged to be engaged by the other end of 85 said bolt, said bolt being slidably held at a point between its ends.

18. A savings bank having a closure; a longitudinally movable bolt arranged at one end to engage said closure; and a support 90 for said end of said bolt, said bolt being curved to move laterally out of engagement with said closure during the longitudinal

movement of the bolt.

10. A savings bank having a closure; a 98 longitudiually movable bolt arranged at one end to engage said closure; a support for said end of said bolt; and a fixed part arranged to be engaged by the other end of said bolt, said bolt being slidably held at a 100 point between its ends, and being curved to move out of engagement with said closure during the longitudinal movement of the

20. A savings bank having a closure; and 100 longitudinally movable spring bolt arranged to engage said closure, said bolt being slidably supported and being normally.

flexed.

21. A savings bank linving a closure; a 110 longitudinally movable spring bolt arranged at one end to engage said closure; a fixed part arranged to be engaged by the other end of said bolt, said bolt being slidably supported at a point between its ends 115 and being normally flexed. FRANK RHODE.

Witnesses: Andrew Benson. JANE B. MCNEUA.